

IPC J-STD-006C

Requirements for Electronic Grade Solder Alloys and Fluxed and Non-Fluxed Solid Solders for Electronic Soldering Applications

Developed by the Solder Alloy Task Group (5-24c) of the Assembly and Joining Committee (5-20) of IPC

Supersedes:

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1 PREFACE

1.1 Scope This standard prescribes the nomenclature, requirements and test methods for electronic grade solder alloys; for fluxed and non-fluxed bar, ribbon, wire, and powder solders, for electronic soldering applications; and for "special form" (see 1.2.3) electronic grade solders. This is a quality control standard and is not intended to relate directly to the material's performance in the manufacturing process. Solders for applications other than electronics should be procured using ASTM B-32.

This standard is one of a set of three joint industry standards that prescribe the requirements and test methods for soldering materials for use in the electronics industry. The other two joint industry standards are:

J-STD-004 Requirements for Soldering Fluxes J-STD-005 Requirements for Soldering Pastes

- **1.2 Classification** Soldering alloys covered by this standard shall be classified by alloy composition and impurity level, solder form and dimensional characteristics peculiar to the solder form, flux percentage and flux classification, if applicable. These classifications shall be used as part of the standard description of solder products. (See 6.3.)
- **1.2.1 Alloy Composition** The solder alloys covered by this standard include, but are not limited to, the alloys listed in Appendix A, including pure tin and pure indium. Each alloy is identified by an alloy name, which is composed of a series of alphanumeric characters that identify the component elements in the alloy by chemical symbol and nominal percentage by mass.

The percentage of each element in an alloy shall be determined by any standard analytical procedure with sufficient resolution. Wet chemistry shall be used as the reference procedure. The tolerance & impurity levels of the alloy shall conform to the current version of J-STD-006, or equivalent.

All manufacturers designed alloy additions as agreed between user and supplier (AABUS) shall be identified as a fraction of the weight of the alloy.

- **1.2.2 Alloy Impurity Level** The allowable impurity level of the solder alloys covered by this standard is identified in 3.3. See 3.3.1 for the description of Variation D alloys. The alloy variation letter D is added to the end of an alloy name and becomes part of the alloy's name.
- **1.2.3 Solder Form** The forms of solder materials covered by this set of standards include paste (cream), bar, powder, ribbon, wire and special electronic grade solders which do not fully comply with the requirements of standard solder alloys and forms listed herein. Some examples of special form solders are anodes, ingots, preforms, bars with hook and eye ends, and multiple-alloy solder powders. A single-letter identifying symbol as defined below may be used.
- P Paste (Cream)
- B Bar
- D Powder
- R Ribbon
- W Wire
- S Special
- H Sphere
- **1.2.4 Dimensional Characteristics** Standard bar solders are further classified by unit mass. Wire solders are further classified by wire size (outside diameter) and unit mass. Ribbon solders are further classified by thickness, width and unit mass. Powder solders are further classified by powder particle size distribution and unit mass. See 3.4.1 to 3.4.5.